

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number: 112178

TO: Chongshan Chen

Location:

Art Unit: 2172

Thursday, January 15, 2004

Case Serial Number: 09897803

From: Geoffrey St. Leger

Location: EIC 2100

PK2-4B30

Phone: 308-7800

geoffrey.stleger@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Dear Examiner Chen,

Attached please find the results of your search request for application 09897803. I searched Dialog, ACM, IEEE and the Internet.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Regards,

Geoffrey St. Leger. 4B30/308-7800





Today's Date:

record; and

STIC EIC 2100 |12-178 Search Request Form

What date would you like to use to limit the search?

1-15-04 Priority D	ate: 7/2/0) Other:					
Name Chongshan Chen	Format for Search Results (Circle One):					
AU 2172 Examiner # 79547	PAPER DISK EMAIL					
Room# 4825 Phone 305-8319	Where have you searched so far? USP DWPI EPO JPO ACM IBM TDB					
Serial # 69 / 897, 803	IEEE INSPEC SPI Other					
Is this a "Fast & Focused" Search Request? (Circle One) YES NO A "Fast & Focused" Search is completed in 2-3 hours (maximum). The search must be on a very specific topic and meet certain criteria. The criteria are posted in EIC2100 and on the EIC2100 NPL Web Page at http://ptoweb/patents/stic/stic-tc2100.htm.						
What is the topic, novelty, motivation, utility, or other specific details defining the desired focus of this search? Please include the concepts, synonyms, keywords, acronyms, definitions, strategies, and anything else that helps to describe the topic. Please attach a copy of the abstract, background, brief summary, pertinent claims and any citations of relevant art you have found.						
Selecting a default sample size value S; Selectively receiving a desired sample size value said desired sample size value D when said desired sample sampling S records of the database u	n integrated (built in) random sampling facility, ne D and setting said default sample size value S to mple size value D is received;					

STIC Searcher Geofficy ST. Leger Phone 308-7800

Date picked up 1/15 4 Date Completed 1/15 4

A partial replication partition analysis based on said statistics.

At least one statistics dataspace;

Producing at least one of:

multiple partition boundaries;



Storing statistics for each of said S records, wherein said statistics include a record key for each

Wherein the step of producing at least one of said partition analysis includes the step of defining

An extrapolated replication partition analysis based on said statistics; and

```
File 411: DIALINDEX (R)
DIALINDEX (R)
   (c) 2004 The Dialog Corporation plc
· · · DIALINDEX search results display in an abbreviated ***
*** format unless you enter the SET DETAIL ON command. ***
?set file sall
>>>"SALL" is not a valid Dialindex category
>>>No valid files specified
?set files all
   You have 556 files in your file list.
   (To see banners, use SHOW FILES command)
?s (random??(3n)sampl???)(100n)(dataspace? ? or data()space? ?)
Your SELECT statement is:
   s (random??(3n)sampl???)(100n)(dataspace? ? or data()space? ?)
           Items
                  File
           ----
               3
                    2: INSPEC 1969-2004/Jan W1
                    7: Social SciSearch(R) 1972-2004/Jan W2
               1
                    8: Ei Compendex(R)_197\overline{0}-2004/Jan W1
                  34: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci_1990-2004/Jan W2
               3
       Examined 50 files
               1 94: JICST-EPlus 1985-2004/Jan W1
               1 144: Pascal 1973-2004/Jan W1
       Examined 100 files
               1 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2004/Jan 15
                  155: MEDLINE(R)_1966-2004/Jan W2
                 180: Federal Register 1985-2004/Jan 14
               1
       Examined 150 files
       Examined 200 files
               2 340: CLAIMS(R)/US Patent 1950-03/Jan 13
                  348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2004/Jan W02
               3 349: PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20031225, UT=20031218
       Examined 250 files
               3 440: Current Contents Search(R) 1990-2004/Jan 15
       Examined 300 files
       Examined 350 files
       Examined 400 files
Processing
Processing
                  654: US Pat.Full. 1976-2004/Jan 13
               6
       Examined 450 files
       Examined 500 files
       Examined 550 files
```

14 files have one or more items; file list includes 556 files.

```
2:INSPEC 1969-2004/Jan W1
File
         (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers
       7:Social SciSearch(R) 1972-2004/Jan W2
File
         (c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2004/Jan W1
File
         (c) 2004 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2004/Jan W2
File
         (c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info
File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2004/Jan W1
         (c) 2004 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File 144: Pascal 1973-2004/Jan W1
         (c) 2004 INIST/CNRS
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2004/Jan 15
         (c) 2004 The Gale Group
File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2004/Jan W2
         (c) format only 2004 The Dialog Corp.
File 180: Federal Register 1985-2004/Jan 14
         (c) 2004 format only The DIALOG Corp
File 340:CLAIMS(R)/US Patent 1950-03/Jan 13
         (c) 2004 IFI/CLAIMS(R)
File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2004/Jan W02
         (c) 2004 European Patent Office
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20031225,UT=20031218
         (c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio
File 440:Current Contents Search(R) 1990-2004/Jan 15
         (c) 2004 Inst for Sci Info
File 654:US Pat.Full. 1976-2004/Jan 13
         (c) Format only 2004 The Dialog Corp.
Set
       Items
                Description
                (RANDOM??(3N)SAMPL???)(100N)(DATASPACE? ? OR DATA()SPACE? -
S1
           28
           ?)
S2 RD (unique items)
```

2/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC
(c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

5034359 INSPEC Abstract Number: B9510-6140C-469, C9510-1250-239 Title: Registration of 3-D images by genetic optimization

Author(s): Jacq, J.-J.; Roux, C.

Author Affiliation: Dept. Image et Traitment de l'Inf., Telecom Bretagne, Brest, France

Journal: Pattern Recognition Letters vol.16, no.8 p.823-41
Publication Date: Aug. 1995 Country of Publication: Netherlands

CODEN: PRLEDG ISSN: 0167-8655

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0167-8655/95/\$09.50 Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: Applications (A); Theoretical (T)

Abstract: We present a framework for solving the 3D registration problem in medical imaging based on a canonical genetic algorithm (CGA). The issue of 3D registration is stated as an optimization problem in both application cases presented, i.e., volume-to-volume and surface-to-volume registration. The CGA uses a stochastic fitness function which operates on randomly selected samples of the data space. At a higher level, an adaptive search space scaling technique is presented which operates by successive activations of the CGA procedure. The former features ensure a lower complexity of the search algorithm and a good accuracy of the final solution. Volume-to-volume and surface-to-volume registration are then considered. The features that are specific to the application (the actual optimization space, the fitness or distance function, the GA parameters) are introduced. Results concerning two registration problems using 3D computerized tomography data are presented and discussed. (17 Refs)

Subfile: B C

Descriptors: biomedical imaging; computerised tomography; genetic algorithms; image reconstruction; image registration; medical image processing; search problems; stereo image processing; tomography

Identifiers: 3D image registration; medical imaging; canonical genetic algorithm; 3D computerized tomograph; optimization; volume-to-volume registration; surface-to-volume registration; stochastic fitness function; data space; adaptive search space scaling; search algorithm; shape reconstruction

Class Codes: B6140C (Optical information, image and video signal processing); B7510 (Biomedical measurement and imaging); B0260 (Optimisation techniques); C1250 (Pattern recognition); C7330 (Biology and medical computing); C5260B (Computer vision and image processing techniques); C1180 (Optimisation techniques)

Copyright 1995, IEE

2/5/4 (Item 1 from file: 94)
DIALOG(R)File 94:JICST-EPlus
(c)2004 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv.

04727330 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 01A0216796 FILE SEGMENT: PreJICST-E Data Sampling for Evaluation of Structural Diversity of Chemical Compounds. TAKEZAWA HIROSHI (1); TAKAHASHI YOSHIMASA (1)

(1) Toyohashi Univ. of Technol.

Joho Kagaku Toronkai, Kozo Kassei Sokan Shinpojiumu Koen Yoshishu, 2000, VOL.23rd-28th, PAGE.208-211

JOURNAL NUMBER: X0081AAK

LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference Proceeding

MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication

ABSTRACT: This paper describes a data sampling method for the evaluation of structural diversity of chemical compounds. Three different types of methods (random sampling , cell partitioning method and clustering-based method) were investigated using a trial set of 5000 points prepared by two-dimensional random numbers. For cell partitioning method, two different approaches were tested: the sample distribution density was taken account for one, and not for the other. The results showed that the cell partitioning method with taking the density gives the most diverse sampling on that space. The method was applied to diverse sampling of chemical structures on a higher dimensional structural feature space characterized by topological fragment spectra. For this case, data sampling was carried out on a space that is produced by mathematical mapping. The reduced data result also validated the usability of the cell partitioning approach combined with the space reduction. (author abst.)

(Item 1 from file: 2) 2/3,K/1 DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: C2001-06-6130-001 Title: Nonlinear mapping of massive data sets by fuzzy clustering and neural networks Author(s): Rassokhin, D.N.; Lobanov, V.S.; Agrafiotis, D.K. Author Affiliation: 3-Dimensional Pharm. Inc., Exton, PA, USA Journal: Journal of Computational Chemistry vol.22, no.4 p.373-86 Publisher: Wiley, Publication Date: March 2001 Country of Publication: USA CODEN: JCCHDD ISSN: 0192-8651 SICI: 0192-8651(200103)22:4L.373:NMMD;1-0 Material Identity Number: J333-2001-003 Language: English Subfile: C Copyright 2001, IEE ... Abstract: to relatively small data sets. We recently demonstrated that nonlinear maps derived from a small random sample of a large data set exhibit the same structure and characteristics as that of the... ...algorithm based on local learning. The method employs a fuzzy clustering methodology to partition the data space into a set of Voronoi polyhedra, and uses a separate neural network to perform the... 2/3, K/2(Item 2 from file: 2) DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: C2001-03-7320-019 Title: Nonlinear mapping networks Author(s): Agrafiotis, D.K.; Lobanov, V.S. Author Affiliation: 3-Dimensional Pharm. Inc., Exton, PA, USA Journal: Journal of Chemical Information and Computer Sciences p.1356-62 no.6 Publisher: ACS, Publication Date: Nov.-Dec. 2000 Country of Publication: USA CODEN: JCISD8 ISSN: 0095-2338 SICI: 0095-2338(200011/12)40:6L.1356:NMN;1-9 Material Identity Number: J263-2000-006 U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0095-2338/2000/\$19.00 Language: English Subfile: C Copyright 2001, IEE ... Abstract: unique for their conceptual simplicity and ability to reproduce the topology and structure of the data space in a faithful and unbiased manner. However, a major shortcoming of these methods is their ... the principle of probability sampling, the method employs a classical algorithm to project a small random sample, and then "learns" the underlying nonlinear transform using a multilayer neural network trained with the... (Item 3 from file: 2) 2/3, K/3DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC (c) 2004 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv. INSPEC Abstract Number: B9510-6140C-469, C9510-1250-239 Title: Registration of 3-D images by genetic optimization Author(s): Jacq, J.-J.; Roux, C. Author Affiliation: Dept. Image et Traitment de l'Inf., Telecom Bretagne,

Journal: Pattern Recognition Letters vol.16, no.8

p.823-41

Brest, France

Publication Date: Aug. 1995 Country of Publication: Netherlands

CODEN: PRLEDG ISSN: 0167-8655

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0167-8655/95/\$09.50

Language: English Subfile: B C

Copyright 1995, IEE

...Abstract: and surface-to-volume registration. The CGA uses a stochastic fitness function which operates on randomly selected samples of the data space. At a higher level, an adaptive search space scaling technique is presented which operates by...

2/3,K/4 (Item 1 from file: 94)

DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus

(c) 2004 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv.

04727330 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 01A0216796 FILE SEGMENT: PreJICST-E Data Sampling for Evaluation of Structural Diversity of Chemical Compounds. TAKEZAWA HIROSHI (1); TAKAHASHI YOSHIMASA (1)

(1) Toyohashi Univ. of Technol.

Joho Kagaku Toronkai, Kozo Kassei Sokan Shinpojiumu Koen Yoshishu, 2000, VOL.23rd-28th, PAGE.208-211

JOURNAL NUMBER: X0081AAK

LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference Proceeding

MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication

...ABSTRACT: method for the evaluation of structural diversity of chemical compounds. Three different types of methods (random sampling , cell partitioning method and clustering-based method) were investigated using a trial set of 5000...

...by topological fragment spectra. For this case, data sampling was carried out on a reduced **data space** that is produced by mathematical mapping. The result also validated the usability of the cell...

2/3,K/5 (Item 1 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2004 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

16071212 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 101941076 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT

Current labor statistics.

Monthly Labor Review, 126, 3, 31(66)

March, 2003

ISSN: 0098-1818 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 28018 LINE COUNT: 08590

... Injuries and Illnesses

Description of the series

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses collects data from employers about their workers' job-related nonfatal injuries and illnesses. The information that employers...

...Federal-State cooperative program with an independent sample selected for each participating State. A stratified random sample with a Neyman allocation is selected to represent all private industries in the State. The...

2/3,K/6 (Item 1 from file: 180) DIALOG(R)File 180:Federal Register

(c) 2004 format only The DIALOG Corp. All rts. reserv.

DIALOG Accession Number: 02274118 Supplier Number: 930201997

Privacy Act of 1974; Reissuance of DOD Systems of Records Notices

Volume: 58 Issue: 33 Page: 10002

CITATION NUMBER: 58 FR 10002 Date: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1993

2/3,K/7 (Item 1 from file: 340)
DIALOG(R)File 340:CLAIMS(R)/US Patent
(c) 2004 IFI/CLAIMS(R). All rts. reserv.

10260572 2003-0004973

E/RANDOM SAMPLING AS A BUILT-IN FUNCTION FOR DATABASE ADMINISTRATION AND REPLICATION

Inventors: Harper John William (US); Slishman Gordon Robert (US)

Assignee: International Business Machines Corp

Assignee Code: 42640

Publication Application Date Number Date

Al US 20030004973 20030102 US 2001897803 20010702

Priority Applic: US 2001897803 20010702

Non-exemplary Claims: ...as set forth in claim 6, wherein the step of sampling said S records includes randomly sampling the S records utilizing dataspaces including: at least one index dataspace; at least one key dataspace; and, at least one statistics dataspace.

. . .

...15. A database management system (DBMS) for managing an associated database, the DBMS comprising: random sampling facility integrated with the database management system; first database analysis tools using said integrated random sampling facility for generating extrapolated reports on database content; second database analysis tools using said integrated random sampling facility for generating extrapolated reports on database size; and, database replication tools adapted to execute

2/3,K/8 (Item 2 from file: 340)
DIALOG(R)File 340:CLAIMS(R)/US Patent
(c) 2004 IFI/CLAIMS(R). All rts. reserv.

10260543 2003-0004944

E/PARTITION BOUNDARY DETERMINATION USING RANDOM SAMPLING ON VERY LARGE DATABASES

Inventors: Harper John William (US); Slishman Gordon Robert (US)

Assignee: International Business Machines Corp

Assignee Code: 42640

Publication Application Mumber Date Number Date

A1 US 20030004944 20030102 US 2001897853 20010702

Priority Applic: US 2001897853 20010702

Non-exemplary Claims: ...12. The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the step of randomly sampling said S records includes randomly sampling the S records utilizing dataspaces including: at least one index dataspace; at least one key dataspace; and, at least one statistics dataspace.

...program routine having a random number generating algorithm; a second computer program routine having a random sampling facility utilizing said first program routine to randomly read records from a database and store

```
01067933
WEIGHTLESS BINARY N-TUPLE THRESHOLDING HIERARCHIES
HIERARCHISCHE STRUKTUR ZUR SCHWELLENVERGLEICHUNG UNGEWOGENER BINARDATEN
HIERARCHIES DE DEFINITION DE SEUILS N-TUPLES, BINAIRES ET SANS POIDS
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  BAE SYSTEMS plc, (427897), Warwick House, P.O. Box 87, Farnborough
    Aerospace Centre, Farnborough, Hampshire GU14 6YU, (GB), (Proprietor
    designated states: all)
INVENTOR:
  KING, Douglas Beverley Stevenson, British A.M.A.andA, Electr.Eng., W354B,
    W. Aerodrome, Warton, Nr Preston, Lancs. PR4 1AX, (GB)
  MACDIARMID, Ian Peter, British A.M.A.and Aero, Elect., W423, W. Aerodrome,
    Warton, Nr Preston, Lancs. PR4 1AX, (GB)
  MOORE, Colin, British A.M.A.and A, elec.Eng., W354B , W.Arodrome,
    Warton, Nr Preston, Lancs. PR4 1AX, (GB)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  Newell, William Joseph (53194), Wynne-Jones, Laine & James 22 Rodney Road
    , Cheltenham Gloucestershire GL50 1JJ, (GB)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1040408 Al 001004 (Basic)
                              EP 1040408 B1 020821
                              WO 99032962 990701
                              EP 98962564 981218; WO 98GB3837
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC. No. Date): GB 9726752 971219; GB 9823382 981027
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; ES; FR; GB; IT; NL; SE
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-007/02; G06F-015/80
NOTE:
  No A-document published by EPO
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text Language
                          Update
                                     Word Count
                                       607
      CLAIMS B (English) 200234
      CLAIMS B
               (German) 200234
                                       557
                                       695
      CLAIMS B
               (French) 200234
      SPEC B
               (English) 200234
                                      2376
Total word count - document A
                                      4235
Total word count - document B
Total word count - documents A + B
                                      4235
... SPECIFICATION is practically viable.
    It is important to randomly connect the pattern matcher outputs between
             space and the hierarchical structure because the pattern
  the data
 matchers can often "clump" results, e.g. 1111111011000000001...
...of the first layer sum and threshold devices 14 of Figure 2 is seen to
           sample the data
                                space .
  randomly
    There may be certain applications that do not want this random mapping
  - in general, if...
 2/3,K/10
              (Item 1 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
00837972
            **Image available**
SYSTEM, METHOD, AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCT FOR REPRESENTING OBJECT
    RELATIONSHIPS IN A MULTIDIMENSIONAL SPACE
SYSTEME, PROCEDE ET PROGICIEL POUR LA REPRESENTATION DE RELATIONS ENTRE
    OBJETS DANS UN ESPACE MULTIDIMENSIONNEL
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  3-DIMENSIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS INC, Eagleview Corporate Center, Suite 104,
    665 Stockton Drive, Exton, PA 19341, US, US (Residence), US
    (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)
Patent Applicant/Inventor:
```

(Item 1 from file: 348)

(c) 2004 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

```
AGRAFIOTIS Dimitris K, 660 Perimeter Drive, Downingtown, PA 19335, US, US
    (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
  RASSOKHIN Dmitrii N, 101 Parker Court, Exton, PA 19341, US, US
    (Residence), RU (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
  LOBANOV Victor S, 815 Azalea Drive, North Brunswick, NJ 08902, US, US
    (Residence), RU (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
  SALEMME F Raymond, 1970 Timber Lakes Drive, Yardley, PA 19067, US, US
    (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)
Legal Representative:
  LEE Michael Q (et al) (agent), Sterne, Kessler, Goldstein, & Fox
    P.L.L.C., Suite 600, 1100 New York Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC
    20005-3934, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 200171624 A1 20010927 (WO 0171624)
  Patent:
                        WO 2001US8974 20010322 (PCT/WO US0108974)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 2000191108 20000322
Designated States: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU
  CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR
  KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE
  SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 10642
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... The approach employs an iterative algorithm based on subset
  refinements to nonlinearly map a small
            sample which reflects the overall structure of the data, and
   random
  then
  "learns" the underlying nonlinear transform...
...networks, each specializing in a particular domain of the feature space.
  The
  partitioning of the data space can be carried out using a
              (Item 2 from file: 349)
 2/3.K/11
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
00753772
            **Image available**
METHOD, SYSTEM AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCT FOR NON-LINEAR MAPPING OF
    MULTI-DIMENSIONAL DATA
PROCEDE, SYSTEME ET PROGRAMME INFORMATIQUE D'APPLICATION NON LINEAIRE DE
    DONNEES MULTIDIMENSIONNELLES
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  3-DIMENSIONAL PHARMACEUTICALS INC, Eagleview Corporate Center, Suite 104,
    665 Stockton Drive, Exton, PA 19341, US, US (Residence), US
    (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  AGRAFIOTIS Dimitris K, 660 Perimeter Drive, Downingtown, PA 19335, US
  LOBANOV Victor S, 24305 Cornerstone Drive, Yardley, PA 19067, US
  SALEMME Francis R, 1970 Timber Lakes, Yardley, PA 19067, US
Legal Representative:
  LEE Michael Q, Sterne, Kessler, Goldstein & Fox P.L.L.C., Suite 600, 1100
    New York Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20005-3934, US
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 200067148 A1 20001109 (WO 0067148)
  Patent:
                        WO 2000US11838 20000503 (PCT/WO US0011838)
  Application:
  Priority Application: US 99303671 19990503
Designated States: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE
```

```
DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC
  LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK
  SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 14837
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... alone for their conceptual elegance and ability to reproduce the
                                        space in a faithful and unbiased
  topology and structure of the data
  manner. Unfortunately, all
  known algorithms exhibit quadratic time complexity which...
...principle of
  probability sampling, the method employs an algorithm to
 multi-dimensionally
                          sample , and then "learns" the underlying
  scale a small random
  non-linear
  1 5 transform using a multi-layer perceptron...
              (Item 3 from file: 349)
 2/3, K/12
DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.
            **Image available**
00501610
WEIGHTLESS BINARY N-TUPLE THRESHOLDING HIERARCHIES
HIERARCHIES DE DEFINITION DE SEUILS N-TUPLES, BINAIRES ET SANS POIDS
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  BRITISH AEROSPACE PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY,
  KING Douglas Beverley Stevenson;,
 MACDIARMID Ian Peter;,
 MOORE Colin;,
Inventor(s):
  KING Douglas Beverley Stevenson;,
 MACDIARMID Ian Peter;,
 MOORE Colin:.
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
                        WO 9932962 A1 19990701
  Patent:
                        WO 98GB3837 19981218 (PCT/WO GB9803837)
  Application:
  Priority Application: GB 9726752 19971219; GB 9823382 19981027
Designated States: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES
  FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU
  LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA
 UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
 AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM
 GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
Publication Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 3327
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... is practically viable.
  It is important to randomly connect the pattern matcher
  outputs between the data space and the hierarchical struc
  ture because the pattern matchers can often "clump" results,
  e.g...of the first layer sum and threshold devices 14
  of Figure 2 is seen to randomly sample the data
                                                         space .
```

There may be certain applications that do not want this random mapping - in general, if...

2/3,K/13 (Item 1 from file: 654)

DIALOG(R) File 654:US Pat. Full.

(c) Format only 2004 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.

0005401453 **IMAGE Available Derwent Accession: 1998-287200

Method, system and computer program product for non-linear mapping of $\operatorname{multi-dimensional}$ data

Inventor: Agrafiotis, Dimitris, INV

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Publication Application Filing Number Kind Date Number Date

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Main Datast	 20030195897	7 T	20031016	110	2003428075	20030502
Main Patent Continuation	 6571227	AI	20051010		99303671	19990503
CIP	 6453246				9873845	19980507
CIP	6295514			US	97963872	19971104
Provisional				US	60-30187	19961104

Fulltext Word Count: 14856 Description of the Invention:

...alone for their conceptual elegance and ability to reproduce the topology and structure of the **data space** in a faithful and unbiased manner. Unfortunately, all known algorithms exhibit quadratic time complexity which...

...principle of probability sampling, the method employs an algorithm to multi-dimensionally scale a small **random sample**, and then "learns" the underlying non-linear transform using a multi-layer perceptron trained with...

2/3,K/14 (Item 2 from file: 654)

DIALOG(R) File 654:US Pat. Full.

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0005152651 **IMAGE Available Derwent Accession: 2003-352903

Random sampling as a built-in function for database administration and replication

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44110-2518, US

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 US 20030004973
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 US 2001897803
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Fulltext Word Count: 7426

Summary of the Invention:

...0028] Raw partition analysis, without random sampling analysis, places a heavy strain on a computer system in terms of memory usage and

typically requires multiple dataspaces. Random sampling relieves the strain on the computer system in terms of processing and memory requirements. Much less memory is required to analyze 20,000 sampled records using the random sampling approach than to analyze 2,000,000,000 records without sampling. However, in order to...

...with an unsampled approach which may be desirable under some circumstances, the preferred method using random sampling analysis utilizes one or more of each of the following types of dataspaces: index, key and statistics...

Description of the Invention:

...contain up to 8 gigabytes (GB) in keys, on a computer system having RAM 20 dataspaces of up to 2[sup]31 bytes (2 GB), four dataspaces are required to store the keys. Another 2 GB are sufficient to store indices to the keys. However, the record statistics, even when compressed, may require dozens of dataspaces. To minimize the effort of storing and sorting, the present invention randomly samples a database and produces an extrapolated partition analysis 24 providing sufficiently accurate results. Preferably, the sample size selected is sufficiently small so that three dataspaces will suffice, one each for indices, keys, and statistics...

...0044] An analysis program 16, in communication with DBMS 14, partitions a random sample size of S records, and then scales the tabulated numbers by the ratio of the...0059] The memory required by a partition analysis, even when random sampling is employed, can be large and, consequently, multiple dataspaces may be required. For databases organized with indexes and keys, sampling may require one or more dataspaces, e.g. one or more index dataspaces, one or more key dataspaces, and one or more statistics dataspaces.

...0060] After the random sampling has been performed by sampling facility 26, and analysis program 18 has performed a partition

Non-exemplary or Dependent Claim(s):

...as set forth in claim 6, wherein the step of sampling said S records includes randomly sampling the S records utilizing dataspaces including: at least one index dataspace; at least one key dataspace; and, at least one statistics dataspace.

. . .

...sample size and setting said number S equal to said particular number; a means for randomly sampling S records of the database using said random sampling facility; a means for storing statistics

2/3,K/15 (Item 3 from file: 654)

DIALOG(R) File 654:US Pat. Full.

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0005152622 **IMAGE Available Derwent Accession: 2003-352889

Partition boundary determination using random sampling on very large

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 Number
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 Main Patent
 US 20030004944
 Al 20030102
 US 2001897853
 20010702

Fulltext Word Count: 7785

Summary of the Invention:

0027] Raw partition analysis, without random sampling analysis, places a heavy strain on a computer system in terms of memory usage and typically requires multiple dataspaces. Random sampling relieves the strain on the computer system in terms of processing and memory requirements. Much less memory is required to analyze 20,000 sampled records using the random sampling approach than to analyze 2,000,000,000 records without sampling. However, in order to...

...with an unsampled approach which may be desirable under some circumstances, the preferred method using random sampling analysis utilizes one or more of each of the following types of dataspaces: index, key and statistics...

Description of the Invention:

...contain up to 8 gigabytes (GB) in keys, on a computer system having RAM 18 dataspaces of up to 2[sub]31 bytes (2 GB), four dataspaces are required to store the keys. Another 2 GB are sufficient to store indices to the keys. However, the record statistics, even when compressed, may require dozens of dataspaces. To minimize the effort of storing and sorting, the present invention randomly samples a database and produces an extrapolated partition analysis 22 providing sufficiently accurate results. Preferably, the sample size selected is sufficiently small so that three dataspaces will suffice, one each for indices, keys, and statistics...

...0044] An analysis program 16, in communication with the DBMS 14, partitions a random sample size of S records, and then scales the tabulated numbers by the ratio of the...0080] It should be realized that the memory required by a partition analysis, even when random sampling is employed can be large and, consequently, multiple dataspaces may be required. For databases organized with indexes and keys, sampling may require one or more dataspaces, e.g. one or more index dataspaces, one or more key dataspaces, and one or more statistics dataspaces.

...0081] After random sampling has been performed by either sampling method, and analysis program 16 has performed necessary partition

Non-exemplary or Dependent Claim(s):

...12. The method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the step of randomly sampling said S records includes randomly sampling the S records utilizing dataspaces including: at least one index dataspace; at least one key dataspace; and, at least one statistics dataspace

2/3,K/16 (Item 4 from file: 654)
DIALOG(R)File 654:US Pat.Full.
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0005036962 **IMAGE Available Derwent Accession: 2002-025764

System, method, and computer program product for representing object relationships in a multidimensional space

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	Number	Kind	Date	Number	Date
Main Patent Provisional	US 20020091655	A1	20020711	2001814160 60-191108	20010322 20000322

Fulltext Word Count: 12439

Description of the Invention:

... The approach employs an iterative algorithm based on subset refinements to nonlinearly map a small **random sample** which reflects the overall structure of the data, and then "learns" the underlying nonlinear transform...

...networks, each specializing in a particular domain of the feature space. The partitioning of the **data space** can be carried out using a clustering methodology. This local approach eliminates a significant portion...

2/3,K/17 (Item 5 from file: 654)

DIALOG(R) File 654:US Pat. Full.

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4881383 **IMAGE Available

Derwent Accession: 1998-287200

Utility

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{E}}/$ Method, system and computer program product for non-linear mapping of multi-dimensional data

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Lobanov, Victor S., Yardley, PA Salemme, Francis R., Yardley, PA

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(Code: 39875)

Examiner: Follansbee, John (Art Unit: 211)

Assistant Examiner: Hirl, Joseph P.

Law Firm: Sterne, Kessler, Goldstein & Fox

	Publication Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Filing Date
Main Patent	US 6571227	А	20030527	US 99303671	19990503
CIP	US 6453246	Α		US 9873845	19980507
CIP	US 6295514	Α		US 97963872	19971111

Fullcext Word Count: 12397

Description of the Invention:

...alone for their conceptual elegance and ability to reproduce the topology and structure of the **data** space in a faithful and unbiased manner. Unfortunately, all known algorithms exhibit quadratic time complexity which...

...principle of probability sampling, the method employs an algorithm to multi-dimensionally scale a small random sample, and then "learns" the underlying non-linear transform using a multi-layer perceptron trained with...

2/3,K/18 (Item 6 from file: 654)

DIALOG(R) File 654:US Pat. Full.

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4551847 **IMAGE Available

Derwent Accession: 1999-395478

Utility

E/ Weightless binary N-tuple thresholding hierarchies

Inventor: King, Douglas B. S., Nr Preston, GB

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Examiner: Malzahn, David H. (Art Unit: 211)

Law Firm: Nixon & Vanderhye P.C.

	Publication Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Filing Date
					
Main Patent	US 6272511	Α	20010807	US 99366568	19990804
Continuation	Pending			WO 98GE3837	19981218
Priority	5 5			GB 9726752	19971219
_				GB 9823382	19981027

Fulltext Word Count: 3279

Description of the Invention:

...of the first layer sum and threshold devices 14 of FIG. 2 is seen to

randomly sample the data space.